

EXHIBIT A

CERTIFICATION OF BIRTH



DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
WASHINGTON, D.C.

495202

CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH

This is to certify that the following information has been taken from the original record of birth.

Name SAHR ETOAM B. M'BAYO

Date of Birth

Sex MALE

Certificate Number 108-66-001347

Name of Father EYA ETOAM M'BAYO

Maiden Name of Mother BEATRICE LAURETTE JOHN

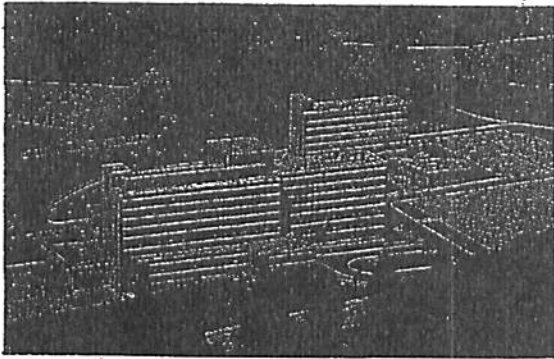
Date Issued 03-12-2007

Date Recorded 02-05-1966

Julia E. Davidson-Randall
JULIA E. DAVIDSON-RANDALL
REGISTRAR

DOH 1610 3/98

SIBLEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
WASHINGTON, D.C.



Certificate of Birth

This Certifies that

SAHR ETOAM BERNARD M'BAYO

was born to Eya and Beatrice M'Bayo

in this Hospital at 5:56 o'clock, A.M. on Saturday

the [redacted] day of [redacted] 19 [redacted]

In Witness Whereof the said Hospital has caused this Certificate to be signed by its duly authorized officer, and its Official Seal to be hereunto affixed



A. Jorgensen M.D. *M. B. Johnson* M.D.
ATTENDING PHYSICIAN ADMINISTRATOR

HOLLISTER'S Standard BIRTH CERTIFICATE 72a

FAMILY HISTORY

Bayo
Beatrice

Father's full name Eya Etoam M'Bayo

Birthplace Sierra Leone

Date [REDACTED]

Mother's maiden name Beatrice L. N. John Washington D.C.

Birthplace Guinea

Date [REDACTED]

Residence at time child was born 1112 M St. N.W. Washington D.C.

Sex of child Male Weight at birth 6 pounds 9½ ounces. Length 20 inches

Baby's left footprint →



← Baby's right footprint



Mother's left thumbprint



Mother's right thumbprint



This Document should be carefully preserved. It is your family's heirloom record of the facts surrounding your child's birth. The law requires that the original certificate (not this document) be filed with the Vital Statistics Office at _____ from which an official copy may be obtained.



VOTER CARD

REG.
NO.DATE
ISSUED

12/27/01

SAHR ETOAM BERNARD MBAYO
APT A 1810
2801 PARK CENTER DR
ALEXANDRIA VA 22302

VOTING LOCATION

NOVA ARTS CENTER
3001 NORTH BEAUREGARD STREET

LOCALITY

ALEXANDRIA CITY

PRECINCT

NOVA ARTS CENTER

DISTRICTS: CONG 08 SEN 35 HSE 046

LOCAL:

DISTRICT B

Voter Registration Office

132 NORTH ROYAL STREET
ALEXANDRIA VA 22314-3283
(703) 838-4050

TOWN

TOWN PRECINCT / DISTRICT

TOWN ELECTION VOTING LOCATION

USE BACK OF FORM

FOR NAME CHANGE AND

ADDRESS CHANGE OR BOTH

***YOU MUST SHOW THIS CARD OR OTHER PROPER ID OR SIGN AFFIRMATION FORM TO VOTE

Above is your new Voter Registration Card. It provides the location where you vote and the districts assigned to your representatives in the U.S. House of Representatives (CONG), the Senate (SEN) of Virginia and House of Delegates (HSE) of Virginia, your local governing body and, if elected, your school board (LOCAL).

Please check the personal information on this card. If accurate, detach and keep the card. If any information is incorrect, please enter the corrections on the back of this card, sign it, and return it to the Registrar in person or by mail. A new card with your corrections will be mailed to you.

SBE - 13 (REV 11/99)



COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

VOTER CARD

REG.
NO.DATE
ISSUED

07/07/2008

SAHR ETOAM MBAYO
5501 SEMINARY RD APT 2204S
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22041-3911



VOTING LOCATION

SKYLINE SPORT AND HEALTH CLUB
5115 LEESBURG PIKE

LOCALITY

FAIRFAX COUNTY

PRECINCT

520 - SKYLINE

DISTRICTS: CONG 08 SEN 031 HSE 046

LOCAL: MASON

Voter Registration Office

OFFICE OF ELECTIONS
12000 GOVERNMENT CENTER PKWY, SUITE 323
FAIRFAX, VA 22035-0081
703-222-0778

FOR TOWN ELECTIONS:

TOWN

TOWN PRECINCT / DISTRICT

TOWN ELECTION VOTING LOCATION

USE BACK

FOR CHANGE

OF ADDRESS

SAHR ETOAM MBAYO
5501 SEMINARY RD APT 2204S
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22041-3911

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This card belongs to the Social Security Administration and you must return it if we ask for it.

If you find a card that isn't yours, please return it to:

Social Security Administration
P.O. Box 33008, Baltimore, MD 21290-3008

Improper use of this card or number by anyone is punishable by fine, imprisonment or both.

Protect Your Number and Card to Prevent Their Misuse

- Sign your card right away and keep it in a safe place.
- DO NOT carry it with you.

For any other Social Security business/information, contact your local Social Security office. If you write to the above address for any business other than returning a found card, it will take longer for us to answer your letter.

Social Security Administration
Form SSA-3000 (3-2004)

E87558085



Prepared especially for Sahr E. Mbayo

October 20, 2008

www.socialsecurity.gov

See inside for your personal information

000404784 01 AT 0.346 IA R 0883

SAHR E. MBAYO

2101 BERMUDEZ CT

VIENNA VA 22182-4017

XX

What's inside...

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What Social Security Means To You

Please read this *Statement* carefully. If you see a mistake, please let us know. That's important because your benefits will be based on our record of your lifetime earnings. We recommend you keep a copy of your *Statement* with your financial records.

We're more than a retirement program. Social Security also can provide benefits if you become disabled and help support your family after you die.

Social Security is the largest source of income for most elderly Americans today, but Social Security was never intended to be your only source of income when you retire. You also will need other savings, investments, pensions or retirement accounts to make sure you have enough money to live comfortably when you retire.

Saving and investing wisely are important not only for you and your family, but for the entire country. If you want to learn more about how and why to save, you should visit www.mymoney.gov, a federal government website dedicated to teaching all Americans the basics of financial management.

Social Security is a compact between generations. For decades, America has kept the promise of security for its workers and their families. Now, however, the Social Security system is facing serious financial problems, and action is needed soon to make sure the system will be sound when today's younger workers are ready for retirement.

In 2017 we will begin paying more in benefits than we collect in taxes. Without changes, by 2041 the Social Security Trust Fund will be exhausted* and there will be enough money to pay only about 78 cents for each dollar of scheduled benefits. We need to resolve these issues soon to make sure Social Security continues to provide a foundation of protection for future generations.

Visit www.socialsecurity.gov on the Internet to learn more about Social Security. You can read our publications, use the *Social Security Benefit Calculators* to calculate future benefits or use our easy online forms to apply for benefits.


Michael J. Cummings

Michael J. Astrue
Commissioner

* These estimates are based on the intermediate assumptions from the Social Security Trustees' Annual Report to the Congress.

Your Estimated Benefit

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------|
| *Retirement | You have earned enough credits to qualify for benefits. At your current earnings rate, if you stop working... | |
| | At age 62, your payment would be about | \$ 1,037 a month |
| | If you continue working until | |
| | your full retirement age (67 years), your payment would be about | \$ 1,473 a month |
| *Disability | You have earned enough credits to qualify for benefits. If you become disabled right now... | |
| | Your payment would be about | \$ 2,074 a month |
| | If you get retirement or disability benefits, your spouse and children also may qualify for benefits. | |
| | You have earned enough credits for your family to receive survivors benefits. If you die this year, certain members of your family may qualify for the following benefits: | |
| *Family *Survivors | Your child | \$ 1,578 a month |
| | Your spouse who is caring for your child | \$ 1,578 a month |
| | Your spouse who reaches full retirement age | \$ 2,105 a month |
| | Total family benefits cannot be more than | \$ 3,684 a month |
| Medicare | Your spouse or minor child may be eligible for a special one-time death benefit of \$255. | |
| | You have earned enough credits to qualify for Medicare at age 65. Even if you do not retire at age 65, be sure to contact Social Security three months before your 65th birthday to enroll in Medicare. | |

*Your estimated benefits are based on current law. Congress has made changes to the law in the past and can do so at any time. The law governing benefit amounts may change because, by 2041, the payroll taxes collected will be enough to pay only about 78 percent of scheduled benefits.

We based your benefit estimates on these facts:

Your date of birth (please verify your name on page 1 and this date of birth)
 Your estimated taxable earnings per year after 2007
 Your Social Security number (only the last four digits are shown to help prevent identity theft)

How Your Benefits Are Estimated

To qualify for benefits, you earn "credits" through your work — up to four each year. This year, for example, you earn one credit for each \$1,050 of wages or self-employment income. When you've earned \$4,200, you've earned your four credits for the year. Most people need 40 credits, earned over their working lifetime, to receive retirement benefits. For disability and survivors benefits, young people need fewer credits to be eligible. We checked your records to see whether you have earned enough credits to qualify for benefits. If you haven't earned enough yet to qualify for any type of benefit, we can't give you a benefit estimate now. If you continue to work, we'll give you an estimate when you do qualify.

What we assumed — If you have enough work credits, we estimated your benefit amounts using your average earnings over your working lifetime. For 2008 and later (up to retirement age), we assumed you'll continue to work and make about the same as you did in 2006 or 2007. We also included credits we assumed you earned last year and this year.

Generally, estimates for older workers are more accurate than those for younger workers because they're based on a longer earnings history with fewer uncertainties such as earnings fluctuations and future law changes.

We can't provide your actual benefit amount until you apply for benefits. And that amount may differ from the estimates stated above because:

- (1) Your earnings may increase or decrease in the future.
- (2) After you start receiving benefits, they will be adjusted for cost-of-living increases.
- (3) Your estimated benefits are based on current law. The law governing benefit amounts may change.

- (4) Your benefit amount may be affected by military service, railroad employment or pensions earned through work on which you did not pay Social Security tax. Following are two specific instances. You can also visit www.socialsecurity.gov/mystatement to see whether your Social Security benefit amount will be affected.

Windfall Elimination Provision (WEP) — If you receive a pension from employment in which you did not pay Social Security taxes and you also qualify for your own Social Security retirement or disability benefit, your Social Security benefit may be reduced, but not eliminated, by WEP. The amount of the reduction, if any, depends on your earnings and number of years in jobs in which you paid Social Security taxes, and the year you are age 62 or become disabled. To estimate WEP's effect on your Social Security benefit, visit www.socialsecurity.gov/WEP-CHART. In 2008, the maximum monthly reduction is \$356. For more information, please see *Windfall Elimination Provision* (Publication No. 05-10045) at www.socialsecurity.gov/WEP.

Government Pension Offset (GPO) — If you receive a pension based on federal, state or local government work in which you did not pay Social Security taxes and you qualify, now or in the future, for Social Security benefits as a current or former spouse, widow or widower, you are likely to be affected by GPO. If GPO applies, your Social Security benefit will be reduced by an amount equal to two-thirds of your government pension, and could be reduced to zero. Even if your benefit is reduced to zero, you will be eligible for Medicare at age 65 on your spouse's record. To learn more, please see *Government Pension Offset* (Publication No. 05-10007) at www.socialsecurity.gov/GPO.

Your Earnings Record

| Years You Worked | Your Taxed Social Security Earnings | Your Taxed Medicare Earnings |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1985 | \$ 289 | \$ 289 |
| 1986 | 1,418 | 1,418 |
| 1987 | 2,832 | 2,832 |
| 1988 | 3,811 | 3,811 |
| 1989 | 8,476 | 8,476 |
| 1990 | 14,259 | 14,259 |
| 1991 | 21,217 | 21,217 |
| 1992 | 27,578 | 27,578 |
| 1993 | 32,825 | 32,825 |
| 1994 | 39,274 | 39,274 |
| 1995 | 45,993 | 45,993 |
| 1996 | 48,461 | 48,461 |
| 1997 | 53,057 | 53,057 |
| 1998 | 63,839 | 63,839 |
| 1999 | 64,258 | 64,258 |
| 2000 | 68,473 | 68,473 |
| 2001 | 69,832 | 69,832 |
| 2002 | 74,998 | 74,998 |
| 2003 | 77,784 | 77,784 |
| 2004 | 87,900 | 89,073 |
| 2005 | 84,683 | 84,683 |
| 2006 | 81,972 | 81,972 |
| 2007 | 9,195 | 9,195 |

You and your family may be eligible for valuable benefits:

When you die, your family may be eligible to receive survivors benefits.

Social Security may help you if you become disabled—even at a young age.

A young person who has worked and paid Social Security taxes in as few as two years can be eligible for disability benefits.

Social Security credits you earn move with you from job to job throughout your career.

Total Social Security and Medicare taxes paid over your working career through the last year reported on the chart above:
Estimated taxes paid for Social Security: Estimated taxes paid for Medicare:

You paid: \$60,858 You paid: \$14,247
Your employers paid: \$60,858 Your employers paid: \$14,247

Note: You currently pay 6.2 percent of your salary, up to \$102,000, in Social Security taxes and 1.45 percent in Medicare taxes on your entire salary. Your employer also pays 6.2 percent in Social Security taxes and 1.45 percent in Medicare taxes for you. If you are self-employed, you pay the combined employee and employer amount of 12.4 percent in Social Security taxes and 2.9 percent in Medicare taxes on your net earnings.

Help Us Keep Your Earnings Record Accurate

You, your employer and Social Security share responsibility for the accuracy of your earnings record. Since you began working, we recorded your reported earnings under your name and Social Security number. We have updated your record each time your employer (or you, if you're self-employed) reported your earnings.

Remember, it's your earnings, not the amount of taxes you paid or the number of credits you've earned, that determine your benefit amount. When we figure that amount, we base it on your average earnings over your lifetime. If our records are wrong, you may not receive all the benefits to which you're entitled.

Review this chart carefully using your own records to make sure our information is correct and that we've recorded each year you worked. You're the only person who can look at the earnings chart and know whether it is complete and correct.

Some or all of your earnings from last year may not be shown on your *Statement*. It could be that we still

were processing last year's earnings reports when your *Statement* was prepared. Your complete earnings for last year will be shown on next year's *Statement*. Note: If you worked for more than one employer during any year, or if you had both earnings and self-employment income, we combined your earnings for the year.

There's a limit on the amount of earnings on which you pay Social Security taxes each year. The limit increases yearly. Earnings above the limit will not appear on your earnings chart as Social Security earnings. (For Medicare taxes, the maximum earnings amount began rising in 1991. Since 1994, all of your earnings are taxed for Medicare.)

Call us right away at 1-800-772-1213 (7 a.m.-7 p.m. your local time) if any earnings for years before last year are shown incorrectly. Please have your W-2 or tax return for those years available. (If you live outside the U.S., follow the directions at the bottom of page 4.)